

# SEED TIME....

Now is the time to plant Veget-  
able and Flower Seeds. To ensure  
a good yield buy your seeds from an  
old, reliable firm. Fruit and Orna-  
mental Trees, Roses, Shrubs, etc.

JAY & CO. Store 18 Broad Street,  
Nursery 225 Cook St.

# The Daily Colonist.

WELLINGTON and COMOX

HOUSEHOLD

COAL ١٠٠

Hall, Goepel & Company

Telephone 83  
100 Government Street

VOL. LXXXIII--NO. 116

VICTORIA B. C. THURSDAY, APRIL 19 1900

FORTY-SECOND YEAR



## Cupid's Choice

Cupid evidently thinks this a very de-  
sirable style of ring. We could, how-  
ever supply him with many even pret-  
tier. In fact as rings are a special  
feature of our business, we keep one  
man continually making up different  
kinds from the severely plain to the  
most elaborate—making a study of the  
different combinations and most effec-  
tive styles of settings.

Challoner & Mitchell Telephone 675.  
47 Gov't Street

## POMMERY, Brut, Extra Sec, Sec.

Magnums, Quarts and Pints.

VEUVE CLICQUOT, Yellow Label.

Quarts and Pints.

DRY ROYAL, Quarts and Pints.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Limited

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA. PHONES Sales Dept. 111  
General, 4.

## ROBERT WARD & CO., Ld.

Victoria and Vancouver, British Columbia  
and London Eng., (70 Basinghall St., E. C.)

### SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS

Wilkins & Co.'s Steel Wire Rope; Curtis & Harvey Sporting Powders;  
Pitchers', Ltd., Linseed Oils.

### IMPORTERS OF

Cement, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Cannery Supplies, Bar, Sheet and Struc-  
tural Steel and Iron.

### GENERAL AGENTS IN B. C. FOR

Royal Insurance Co.; London & Lancashire Co.; Standard Life Assurance  
Co.; London & Provincial Marine Insurance Co.; London Assurance Cor-  
poration (Marine); Western Assurance Co. (Marine); La Fonciere Com-  
pagnie D'Assurance (Marine); Swiss Marine Insurance Co.

### MANAGING AGENTS

Moodyville Saw Mills.

### MANAGERS

British Columbia Corporation Ltd.

## "Schlitz" Beer

LIGHT  
REFRESHING,  
HEALTHFUL.

## Hudson's Bay Co.

AGENTS FOR B. C.

## A Woman's Aim



Above everything else is to have a stylish  
bonnet for Easter. She is going to have  
a fine one this year, because her savings  
by buying her groceries from us have been  
greater than her expectations. Are you  
dealing with us? If not, why not?  
FRESH ISLAND EGGS.....20c. dozen  
BONED CHICKEN, TURKEY, DUCK  
DEVILED HAM.....10c. and 15c. tin  
SCOTCH MIXED PICKLES.....25c. bottle  
GRANULATED SUGAR.....10lbs. for \$1  
NEW ARRIVALS—Christie Sodas and  
Assorted Biscuits, Robertson's Chocolates  
and Creams, Fresh Peas, Beans, Tomatoes,  
Cucumbers, Asparagus, Bananas, Pine-  
apples, Navel Oranges.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

## LINENS.

Our stocks now complete consisting of

Damasks, Table Napkins, Glasscloths,  
Crash, Canvas, Dowls etc., etc.

Also a Full Stock in all Lines of DRY GOODS

J. PIERCY & CO. Yates St.,  
Victoria B. C.

### MORTGAGE SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY

Under and by virtue of the power of  
sale contained in a certain mortgage, which  
will be produced at the time of sale, there  
will be offered for sale by

Public Auction

—ON THE—

27th Day of April, A.D. 1900.

At the hour of 11 o'clock, in the forenoon,  
at the sale rooms of the Cuthbert-Browne  
Company, Limited, in the city of Victoria,  
British Columbia, by

Mr Herbert Cuthbert Auctioneer

The following property, viz.: The Southern  
half of Lot 170 A (one hundred and seventy  
A), City of Victoria, British Columbia, ac-  
cording to the official map of the said City  
of Victoria.

This piece of property has a frontage of  
33 feet more or less, on BROAD STREET,  
and adjoins the valuable property known  
as Spencer's Arcade.  
Terms—10 per cent. of the purchase  
money to be paid down at the time of  
sale, balance to be paid within 30 days  
thereafter. For further particulars, and  
conditions of sale, apply to Drake, Jackson  
& Helmcken, 20 Bastion Street, Solicitors  
for the Mortgagees.

## Ladysmith.

The New City at Oyster Harbor. Splen-  
did opportunity for Investment.  
Townsite plan and full particulars at

J. F. FOULKES & CO.,

35 FORT STREET.

Tel. 697.

### AUCTION

VALUABLE

FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

—ON—

Tuesday April 24th.

AT 2 P. M.,

By order of a lady giving up house-  
keeping.

Particulars Sunday,  
THE CUTHBERT-BROWNE CO., LTD.

### AUCTION

Under instructions from Mrs. Warren and  
others, I will sell by public auction

TO-DAY.

AT 2 P. M.,

AT THE CITY AUCTION MART,  
73 AND 73½ YATES ST.,

Capital Parlor Suite; Sideboard; Round  
and Square Tables; Curly Maple Hall Stand;  
Singer Sewing Machine and others; Bed-  
room Sets; Wire, Box, Hair and Wool Mat-  
tresses; Cribs; Baby Buggies; Lawn Mow-  
ers; Ladies' and Gents' Bicycles; Cook  
Stoves, etc., etc.  
W. JONES,  
Auctioneer.  
Telephone 224.

For the 16th.

FISHING TACKLE

A complete Stock of all kinds at

87 GOVT St.

FOX'S

## Houde's STRAIGHT CUT Cigarettes

Manufactured by

B. HOUDE & CO.

QUEBEC

ARE BETTER THAN  
THE BEST.

## WALL PAPERS.

Largest and best assorted stock ever  
shown in British Columbia, covering a se-  
lection from the full lines shown by the  
best makers of Wall Papers in the world.  
Samples sent to any part of the Province  
on application. All low prices.

J. W. MELLOR, Victoria, B.C.

## Just Received.

WHITE AND PRINTED PIQUETS.  
LACE AND LENO STRIPED MUSLINS.  
VEILINGS, LACE CURTAINS, VALENCIENNES,  
TORCHON, ALL OVER AND FANCY LACES.

LARGE ASSORTMENT.

Bought before recent advance in prices, and to be sold at old figures.

LENZ & LEISER.

## ::AUCTION::

Houses for Sale.

In All Parts of the City.

Mining Shares.

For sale in all B. C. mines. Call at our  
office for quotations.

Fire Insurance.

Agents for Scottish Union, Atlas and  
Alliance.

A. W. MORE & Co.,

86 Government Street.

### SEED! SEED!

Burpee's Extra Early Rose  
Seed Potatoes.

Supply Limited.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., Ld.

TEL. 413. CITY MARKET.

### Occidental Hotel

LEX. ZIOKOVIC Prop.

COR. JOHNSON AND WHARF STS.,  
VICTORIA, B.C.

This long established and favorably  
known hotel has been entirely renovated  
and improved.

Rates: \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per day, ac-  
cording to room.  
Everything strictly first-class. Beer Co.  
Telephone No. 14.

## Open Door

## For Japs

Sir Wilfrid Thinks British Col-  
umbia Concurs in His  
Announced Policy.

Doukhobors Not Permitted to  
Migrate to California  
as Intended.

Preference Gift to British Fac-  
tories Works Ruin to Cana-  
dian Industries.

Ottawa, April 18.—Col. Prior in the  
house called attention to the press des-  
patches announcing the arrival in British  
Columbia of a large number of Japanese  
and asked the government whether they  
were destined for the States or Canada.  
If going to remain in the Dominion they  
would be a serious menace to white labor.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said for Imperial  
reasons it was not thought advisable to  
restrict Japanese immigration. He be-  
lieved the government's policy in this  
respect was approved in British Columbia.  
The department of the interior would  
look into the question of their destina-  
tion.

Col. Prior said that according to the  
newspapers the immigrants appeared to  
be paupers and he asked if in such case  
the government could interfere with their  
coming.

The Premier remarked that if the Jap-  
anese came within the restrictions of the  
immigration law the department would  
be able to deal with them.

Mr. Mulock told Col. Prior that it has  
not yet been decided to establish mail  
service between Lillooet and Lyton.

An Ontario delegation to-day urged the  
government to grant \$100,000 to a Do-  
minion exhibition at Toronto next year.

The Doukhobors who left the Territor-  
ies for California were stopped at Em-  
erson by the American authorities.

Canadian manufacturers have furnish-  
ed the government information showing  
the disastrous effect of the increased Brit-  
ish preference upon Canadian industries.

### MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST.

Little Hotel Burned—Trooper Dies at  
Capetown—Premier Visiting  
Toronto.

Winnipeg, April 18.—Premier Macdon-  
ald left via the Northern Pacific for To-  
ronto to-day. He is accompanied on his  
journey as far as St. Paul by Hon. J. T.  
Davidson, but when seen by a reporter  
neither gentleman would give him any  
hint as to the object of their trip. Mr. Macdon-  
ald simply stated that he would remain  
in Toronto only one day and then return  
to this city.

Word has reached here of the death of  
Private D. L. Ramsey of D Squadron, R.  
C. D., who accompanied the first batta-  
lion of Mounted Rifles to South Africa.  
Ramsey died at Capetown, March 28, of  
peritonitis.

Fire destroyed Jos. Woods' hotel at  
Elm Creek last night. Loss, \$1,000.

### COLLECTING FROM TURKEY.

United States Rejects Suggestion to  
Send Warship and Will Try  
New Remonstrance.

Washington, April 18.—The news of  
the firm attitude assumed by the state  
department toward the Turkish govern-  
ment in the prosecution of its claim for  
damage to American missionary prop-  
erty, caused something of a sensation in  
diplomatic circles to-day. As a matter  
of fact, based upon their own experi-  
ence with the Turkish government in  
their effort to collect claims, those mem-  
bers of the diplomatic body here who  
have watched the progress of the nego-  
tiations between the United States and  
Turkey for the past five years have  
come to look with amusement upon the  
alternating phases of hope and discour-  
agement by which they have been char-  
acterized. Three successive American  
ministers have prosecuted these claims,  
each has received a promise of prompt  
settlement, and yet not a dollar has  
been paid. European diplomats say  
that this is an old experience, and they  
have consequently been somewhat sur-  
prised at the announcement that the  
United States government is actually  
going to insist upon performance in-  
stead of promise.

The next step to be taken by the  
United States government will not be  
unlike, but will suggest in a most dig-  
nified manner the indignation felt by  
the United States at the breaking of  
Turkish promises. How this attitude  
will bear upon the Turkish minister in  
Washington cannot be foretold at this  
moment. The minister, however, is  
very popular personally in Washington,  
and as his forced departure would be a  
matter of deep regret to official society,  
it is earnestly hoped that by prompt  
action on its part the Turkish govern-  
ment may avert ill consequences to its  
own representative.

### AGAINST AMERICAN CATTLE.

Montreal, April 18.—A special cable  
to the Gazette from London says: "Sus-  
pected cases of foot and mouth disease  
has been found among United States  
cattle at Deptford, and it is expected the  
market will be closed to them after April  
30. There was no market for cattle or  
sheep to-day."

A fellow once said: "I want some whis-  
key, and I want it bad"; so they didn't  
give him Jesse Moore.

### APPEAL TO AFRIKANDERS.

Boers Make Last Despairing Bid for a  
Rising in Cape Colony.

Capetown, April 17.—The Boer gov-  
ernments are circulating the following  
manifesto to the Afrikanders in South-  
east Cape Colony:

"We feel that our fate and the fate  
of all the Afrikanders is at stake, and  
we appeal to you to stand and fight  
shoulder to shoulder with us. You can-  
not, you may not, allow the tyrant to  
extinguish forever our finest traits of  
character as a nation. With you on our  
side the issue can't be doubtful. You  
must conquer. God grant that love for  
your country and your liberty and the  
noble virtues of men truly free may in-  
duce you to join us in the hour of our  
supreme struggle."

## Liberals Accept Mackintosh.

Cannot Support Smith Curtis  
While He Is Mr. Martin's  
Colleague.

Grand Forks Friends Prepare a  
Shock for Too Sanguine  
New Minister.

Grand Forks, April 18.—At a meeting  
of the Grand Forks Liberal Association  
held last evening, a resolution was adopt-  
ed condemning Hon. Joseph Martin and  
confirming a former resolution declaring  
against party lines in the coming elec-  
tion. It was decided to support the can-  
didature of Hon. Smith Curtis, provided  
he resigned from the Martin government  
and agreed to run as an independent can-  
didate.

L. P. Eckstein, the president  
was instructed to endeavor to have the  
forthcoming convention of the Liberals  
of Rossland Kiding held at Grand Forks.

The first gun of the campaign in the  
Rossland Riding was fired here this eve-  
ning when an enthusiastic meeting held in  
the opera house under the auspices of the  
local Liberal-Conservative Association  
adopted a resolution endorsing without  
distinction of party, the candidature of  
Mr. C. H. Mackintosh. A noteworthy  
feature was the attendance of many  
prominent Liberals. H. S. Cayley, who  
presided, paid a high tribute to the worth  
of the Conservative candidate. Among  
those on the platform were Dr. Bowes,  
Alex. Sharpe, Mayor Goodvee and D. B.  
Boyle, Rossland; Dr. Hayes, Trail; Mr.  
Tobe, Eholty, Jeff Davis, J. W. McLaugh-  
lin and Geo. Fraser, Grand Forks.

Dr. Bowes, the first speaker, reviewed  
the steps taken by the Rossland Conser-  
vatives to hold a convention that irrespec-  
tive of party would select a suitable can-  
didate. Mr. Mackintosh, he pointed out,  
while accepting, had disclaimed any in-  
tention of conducting the campaign on  
party lines. Dr. Bowes said the record  
of the Senlin government was one of un-  
fulfilled pledges and broken promises.  
Continuing he predicted the defeat of the  
present administration and with the ter-  
mination of the present intolerable state  
of affairs the dawn of a new era of pros-  
perity. Amidst applause, after briefly re-  
ferring to the eight-hour law and the suc-  
cessful operation of the contract system  
in Rossland, the speaker eulogized Mr.  
Mackintosh, and regretted the absence of  
the candidate, who had been called East  
with the object of raising capital for in-  
vestment in the Boundary district.

Mayor Goodvee, of Rossland, followed.  
He declared that the failure of individual  
government, justified the adoption of party  
government with certain limitations.  
The men required in political life in the  
province at this critical juncture were  
men of principle not individuals animated  
with no other motive than self interest.  
He characterized Hon. Mr. Martin as a  
destructive politician, whose bungling  
laws had brought the province to its pre-  
sent plight. Where order and prosperity  
once reigned, there now existed uncer-  
tainty and depression. He criticized the  
Martin platform, especially the railway  
policy.

WARREN'S EXPLANATION.  
Thornycroft Made Solely Responsible  
But Prominence Given to Buller's  
Nomination of That Officer.

London, April 18.—In his despatch  
Gen. Warren sets forth the fact that  
the Spion Kop operations had not en-  
tered into his original plans, as his in-  
structions were to occupy a plain north  
of it.

On consultation with the Commander-  
in-Chief on January 21, however, when  
the question of retiring from or attack-  
ing Spion Kop was discussed, Warren  
expressed his preference for attacking.  
This was successfully accomplished by  
Gen. Woodgate. Then came the order  
of the Commander-in-Chief to put  
Thornycroft in command of the sum-  
mit.

In the meantime Warren had sent  
Gen. Coke up to reinforce, with orders  
to assume command. Ineffectual efforts  
were made to heliograph Thornycroft  
and ask whether he had assumed com-  
mand. Towards sunset he was finally  
enabled to get orders through, and ac-  
cordingly the position could be held the  
next day if guns could be provided and  
shelter obtained. Both these conditions  
were about to be fulfilled when, "in the  
absence of Coke, whom I had or-  
dered to come and report in person on  
the situation, the evacuation took place,  
under orders given on his own responsi-  
bility by Thornycroft. This occurred  
in the face of the vigorous protests of  
Coke's brigade major and others."

In conclusion Warren said: "It is a  
matter for the Commander-in-Chief to  
decide whether there will be any in-  
vestigation into the question of the un-  
authorized evacuation of Spion Kop."

Peris, April 18.—It is officially an-  
nounced that King Oscar will visit the  
exposition before the end of the month.  
The Crown Princess of Denmark has  
proposed a visit for some days.

KING OSCAR EXPECTED.

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## Ominous

## For Buller

London Accepts Suggestion  
That His Recall Has  
Been Decided On.

Meagre Reports Show Exten-  
sive Operations in South-  
east of Free State.

Foreigners in Boer Service to  
Be Organized as Sepa-  
rate Legion.

London, April 18.—Heavy rains impede  
the movement of the British columns.  
The blockade of Wepener continues, al-  
though relief is near.

Large quantities of stores are being  
moved southward from Bloemfontein,  
which is a reversal of the course of the  
freight for the last few weeks. These  
shipments are made necessary by the  
operations in the southeast of the Free  
State.

There are two thousand sick in the  
field hospitals, many cases being of dys-  
entery and enteric fever.

With the exception of these facts, the  
embargo on war news is almost complete.  
The special correspondents send trivial  
items or statements which obscure, rather  
than explain, the situation in their ef-  
forts to prepare matter that will pass the  
censor. Here and there a phrase indicates  
an expectancy that large things are about  
to happen.

What is to be done with Sir Redvers  
Buller and Sir Charles Warren, occupies  
everybody's attention at the present time.  
It is now generally accepted that the gov-  
ernment had a purpose in the publication  
of Lord Roberts' messages and that the  
recall of Gen. Buller and Gen. Warren  
has probably been decided upon.

According to Boer reports, there is a  
steady flow of foreign volunteers to the  
Transvaal. Hitherto, these adventurers  
have been attached to the various com-  
mandoes. Now it is said that they are  
to be formed into a special legion with  
Continental officers, and there is a rumor  
that the command will be given to a dis-  
tinguished French soldier lately retired,  
who is now in the Transvaal or is near-  
ing the end of the journey thither.

The London Marquis correspondent of  
the Daily Mail, telegraphing Wednesday,  
says: "Two hundred and fifty Boers  
started to-day from Watervalender  
marching through Zoutpansberg district,  
to intercept Gen. Carrington's forces."

### SWIPED A BOER CHICKEN.

And Canadian Soldier Must Do Many  
Days' Hard Labor for Being



Kumassie Is Hard Pressed.

Little British Garrison Can Hold Out for Only a Very Short Time.

But Relieving Forces Near and May Even Now Have Arrived.

Accra, Gold Coast Colony, West Africa, April 18.—News has been received here that Kumassie is closely invested, and that the situation will become exceedingly grave if relief is delayed.

ROBERTS' LONG DELAY.

Military Critic Calls Attention to Advantage the Boers Recap.

London, April 19.—Mr. Spencer Wilkinson in the Morning Post to-day criticizes the delay in the British offensive operations caused by the Boer raids in the southern part of the Free State, and the necessity of relieving Wepener.

PROTESTING ST. HELENA.

Boer Government Sending to London Complaints of the Burghers—Offered Portugal Five Millions.

Pretoria, April 18.—As soon as the Berne award in the Delagoa Bay railway arbitration was published the Transvaal government offered to Portugal the amount she was condemned to pay (\$5,000,000) which, however, was courteously declined, the statement being made that the money was already provided.

GATACRE'S BILLET.

The Recalled General Will Have Command of a Local District.

London, April 18.—Col. Crofton, who was in command at Spion Kop from the time Gen. Woodgate was wounded until Col. Thorneycroft was appointed to the position, and whose heliograph messages to General Warren caused Mr. Buller to appoint Thorneycroft to the command, has been placed on half pay to-day.

LOOKING FOR HIDING PLACES.

Boers Making Provision For Early Retreat Through Swaziland.

London, April 19.—The Morning Post has the following from Bloemfontein, dated Tuesday:

AN EARLY'S WIVES.

A Second Taken in Nevada While Union With English Countess Still Holds Good.

London, April 18.—The cabied announcement of the wedding of Earl Russell to Mollie Cook in Nevada, April 15, created a sensation here to-day, as it appears that Earl Russell is legally married to the first Countess Russell, who is now performing at the Tivoli Music Hall.

THE QUEEN'S VISIT.

Dublin, April 18.—The Queen enjoyed a comparatively quiet day, the only public function being the reception of the reception of a number of addresses at the vice regal lodge from the sherrifs and mayors of Dublin and Cork and various Irish counties.

THE SULTAN WARNED.

London, April 19.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says: "By further resistance to the claims of the United States the Sultan will expose himself to grave consequences, which he probably had not foreseen. The United States government is not accustomed to indulge in empty threats and foolishness."

ASTHMA.

Mrs. George Budden, Putnamville, Ont., says: "I feel it my duty to recommend Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, which I have used very much, and which has done me a great deal of good."

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TEACHER IN TROUBLE.

Principal of Vancouver School Resigns Because of Complaints of Cruelty—Northern Customs Station.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 18.—As a result of an investigation held by the school board, Principal Fraser of the Central school has resigned his position. Several parents of children attending the Central school appeared before the school board last night, and the matter was thoroughly gone into.

Mr. W. H. Hayward Announces Himself as a Candidate for Esquimalt.

At a special meeting last evening the Victoria Trades and Labor Council adopted a platform on which the labor candidate, if elected is given to the previous resolution to nominate one, will seek the suffrages of the electors of Victoria.

NAVAL OFFICERS SUSPECTED.

Russians of High Rank Under Arrest For Irregular Proceedings.

Vienna, April 19.—Two Russian admirals and 42 other Russian naval officers of high rank are reported to have been arrested at Sebastopol, owing to irregularities in the construction department.

ROYALTY VISITING.

London, April 19.—King Oscar and the Queen of Sweden and Norway have arrived in London.

HOW ONE GETS BILIOUS.

A sluggish liver fails to filter the bile from the blood, and when the poisonous matter goes through the body in the circulation, the whole system is tainted and diseased.

HANDICAP.

International Match.

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MARRIED.

LAWSON-O'SULLIVAN.—In this city, on the 18th instant, William A. Lawson, to Theresa O'Sullivan, third daughter of Walter late Humphrey O'Sullivan.

TO the Electors Esquimalt District.

GENTLEMEN:

Having received a requisition, signed by a large number of the electors of Esquimalt, I hereby announce my intention of becoming a candidate for the Legislature at the forthcoming general elections.

TO LET OR LEASE.

FOR RENT—Small furnished cottage on old Esquimalt road. Apply Mrs. F. E. Bayley, Half-Way House. ap19

TO RENT—A six-roomed furnished house, near Victoria, with sewer connection. Apply to Mrs. J. Fraser, 11 Trousseau avenue. ap19

TO LET—Rooms and board, 141 Fort street. ap19

TO LET—A small furnished cabin, in good location, for particulars apply "G." ap18

TO LET—Well furnished large room; bath adjoining; breakfast optional. 144 Menzies street, near Dallas road. ap19

TO LET—House-keeping rooms, furnished; either one room or the whole house. Apply 32 Rae street, any day up to 5 p.m. ap19

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TO LET—Room and board in private family. Mrs. H. S. Nixon, 150 Menzies street, between 1 and 4 p.m. m22

TO RENT—Stevens' Farm, furnished, with 100 acres, orchard, driving shed, stable and paddock. Apply to Jno. Stevens, on the premises. m21

POINT ELLICE BRIDGE.

TENDERS.

Will be received by the undersigned up to 3 o'clock p.m. on Monday, the 23rd inst., for the purchase and removal of the old Point Ellice bridge, and the old bridge from now being on the Electric Light Station wharf; the whole to be removed within 21 days after the contract is signed, in accordance with specifications to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

Each tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque payable to the City Treasurer for the amount of tender. The cheque of unsuccessful tenders will be returned, in case the time allowed for removal is exceeded by the contractor, a penalty of ten dollars per day will be exacted for any excess of time so taken. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

TENDERS will also be received by the undersigned up to 3 o'clock p.m. on the 23rd inst., for moving and re-erecting the hand stand at Beacon Hill Park, in accordance with specifications to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

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WM. W. NORTHCOTT, Purchasing Agent for the Corporation.

Platform of Workingmen.

Adopted at a Meeting of the Trades and Labor Council.

Mr. W. H. Hayward Announces Himself as a Candidate for Esquimalt.

At a special meeting last evening the Victoria Trades and Labor Council adopted a platform on which the labor candidate, if elected is given to the previous resolution to nominate one, will seek the suffrages of the electors of Victoria.

NAVAL OFFICERS SUSPECTED.

Russians of High Rank Under Arrest For Irregular Proceedings.

Vienna, April 19.—Two Russian admirals and 42 other Russian naval officers of high rank are reported to have been arrested at Sebastopol, owing to irregularities in the construction department.

ROYALTY VISITING.

London, April 19.—King Oscar and the Queen of Sweden and Norway have arrived in London.

HOW ONE GETS BILIOUS.

A sluggish liver fails to filter the bile from the blood, and when the poisonous matter goes through the body in the circulation, the whole system is tainted and diseased.

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32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria B. C., Telephone 59

P. O. DRAWER 613

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PROPERTIES FOR SALE. LISTED BY B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY. KINGSTON ST.—Two-story dwelling and lot 60x120, James Bay, for \$10,000. \$300 cash, balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. m11

CHATHAM ST.—Cottage and double front lot \$1000. \$100 cash and balance on 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. m11

FERRY ST.—James Bay. Four two-story dwellings, always let, producing \$20 per month. Open to offer. Apply 40 Government St. m11

DALLAS ROAD AND MONTREAL ST.—Bungalow and small two-story house rear, \$2000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

FOURTH ST.—Two-story dwelling, lot 60x120, well situated, \$2000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

COOK ST. AND KINGS ROAD. Lots \$250 to \$400, small monthly payments, no interest. Fine chance to procure a house. Apply 40 Government St. m11

M'CLURE STREET.—5-roomed cottage and lot 12x120 for \$1000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

COLLINS ST.—Running through to Beatty St., 1/2 lot. 5-roomed cottage \$900. Easy cash, balance on time. Apply 40 Government St. m11

RITCHIE ST.—Lot 45x130 and 5-roomed bungalow for \$1400. \$200 cash and balance on time. Apply 40 Government St. m11

FOURTH ST.—2 1/2 acres. Has been under cultivation. Price \$2000. \$250 down, balance on time, with interest at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. m11

WILKINSON RD.—12 acres, dwelling, barns, etc., all under cultivation, \$3000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

DENMAN ISLAND—100 acres containing evidence of coal. \$750; terms, apply 40 Government St. m11

KANE STREET.—Lot and three houses, all rented. \$3800. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

BROAD AND PANDORA STS.—Lot 60x120 open to offer on easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

CADBORO BAY ROAD. 3 1/2 acres, near Exhibition Buildings, \$1050. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

ST. LOUIS ST.—House and lot open to offer. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

RICHARDSON ST.—Full lot and seven-roomed cottage, \$2000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

HARRISON ST.—Lot and nice cottage, \$1750. \$250 cash and balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. m11

GOVERNMENT AND JOHN STREETS.—Two lots; one 2-story dwelling; large amount of cash, \$2750; easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. m11

STRAWBERRY VALE. 4 1/2 acres, all fenced, 4 miles from city; principal portion under cultivation. Dwelling, barns, etc. \$5000. \$500 down, balance on time, with interest at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. m11

FOR SALE—Cow and calf. Apply S. Johnson, Burnside road. ap19

FOR SALE—Young donkey; broken to harness. Apply Half-Way House. ap19

EARLY FLOWERING CHRYSANTHEMUMS, \$1.00 per dozen, choice cactus and show dahlias, \$1.50 per dozen, at 214 Yates street. G. E. Wilkerson, gardener. m16

FOR SALE—That desirable property known as "Maplecroft," facing Dallas road, between Menzies and South Turner streets, lots 120x120, two stories and basement, large bathroom, nine furnished rooms, with modern improvements. Furnished with best English furniture, electric light, heated by hot water, original cost \$30,000; my price \$15,000. Suitable terms can be arranged; premises open to inspection. J. Fred Hume. ap19

FOR SALE—Printing plant in good working order. 47 Herald street. ap19

CAN'T BE BEAT—What, the Boers? No; Knight's hardy early cabbage plants; 300 for \$1.00. Mt. Toluine Nursery, Victoria. m16

AN IDEAL SPOT FOR CHICKEN RANCH.—1 1/2 acres, cleared and fenced, 3-roomed cottage, good barn, chicken house, sundry buildings and well. Cash \$550; cost \$1,200. "G.C." this office. m16

FOR SALE—A fine gasoline launch, 35 ft. long by 6 ft. beam, with 12 h.p. motor; also a 8 h.p. gasoline marine engine; also a 10 h.p. gasoline engine. Apply to The Schenck Machine Works, New Westminster, B.C. m16

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## VICTORIA TIDES.

By Mr. Napier Denison.

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to 14 feet of water in the channel off Shoal Point, and 18.6 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt dry dock.

Time.	Height above zero	Time.	Height above zero
3:50 a.m.	8.2 feet	0:31 a.m.	7.5 feet
11:40 a.m.	1.8 feet	4:00 a.m.	8.2 feet
7:20 p.m.	7.4 feet	12:20 p.m.	2.1 feet
		8:23 p.m.	7.4 feet

## MARINE INSURANCE

Skaguay and Northern Ports.

HEISTERMAN &amp; CO

## LOCAL NEWS.

Blue Ribbon Tea is simply delicious. Majestic Ranges at Cheapside. Carpenters' tools at Cheapside. Tea and Dinner Sets at Cheapside. Smoke "Nugget Oiler." Meiss & Co. Drink "Hondt," purest and best of Ceylon teas.

For a nice 25-cent midday lunch try the cosy old Boomerang.

Clarke & Pearson, sole agents for McClary's Famous Stoves and Steel Ranges.

Awnings made to order. Carpets taken up, beaten and relaid. Upholstering, in all its branches. Weiler Bros.

Weiler Bros., agents for Liberty Goods, Art Crotonnes, Sateens, Dimities, Madras Muslins and other Drapery materials. We solicit bicycle repair work. Prepared to replace broken rims, fittings of new tires and do brazing. Weiler Bros., Rambler Cycles.

Pleasant furnished rooms, with all modern conveniences, suitable for gentlemen; by the day or month. Apply Poodle Dog Restaurant.

Floral Cantata.—Reserved seat tickets for the floral cantata, which takes place on the A. O. U. W. hall, April 24th, now on sale at Lombard's, Fort street.

Bicycle Repairing.—If it can be fixed, Weiler Bros. can do it. Rambler Cycles.

Smokers.—Mr. A. G. Franklin, for the past several years an employee of E. A. Morris, tobaccoist, can be seen at Frank Campbell's cigar store, Old Post Office, Government street. Hello, Frank and Bert!

Be sure to see the New Band, April 25.

Fruit Boxes.—A full line of strawberries, plums and small fruit by crates and pears and pears, also butter plates, can be had in any quantity at F. R. Stewart & Co.'s, wholesale fruit and provision merchants, 40 Yates street, who have secured the agency of the British Columbia Fruit Co., Ltd., Westminster. Call and inspect before purchasing elsewhere.

Victoria City Band, initial appearance April 25, A. O. U. W. hall.

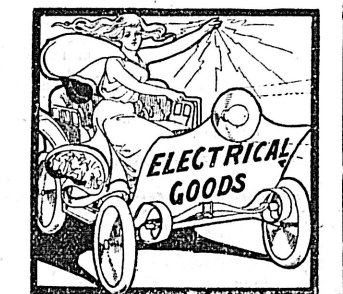
For the "Messiah."—The plan of reserved seats for the "Messiah," to be held in the drill hall, will be on view next Monday and following days at the Victoria Book & Stationery store, 61 Government street.

## OUR REPUTATION.

We still uphold our reputation for pure soap, and now offer you Navara Castile, made from pure imported Olive Oil, at 10c a tablet, three for 25c. Call and see them; it is a pleasure to show our soap.

F. W. FAWCETT & CO., Chemists and Druggists, 49 Government St.

A Fascinating Subject.—The interesting and unique experiences of an observant woman in the first flush of the hey-day of the Klondike, which Mrs. Mary E. Hitchcock, a resident of the Klondike, will tell in her "Two Women in the Klondike," will be the subject of a lecture by this author-pioneer of the North, in the Native Sons' hall next Monday evening. With becoming modesty Mrs. Hitchcock declines to dignify the forthcoming treat by the name of a lecture, and as an informal gossip talk it will no doubt be doubly attractive to the promised large attendance. The talk will be illustrated with many fine dissolving views, and given variety by the interpolation of a few choice vocal and instrumental numbers.



## Rapid Progress

In the perfection of Electrical goods of all kinds, and in their manufacture, has placed them with reach of everyone, as you will see by our prices for putting in Bells, Phones, Light and Motors. When you want your home, office, factory, store fitted up with Electric Bells or Light we will give you an estimate that cannot be competed with for first-class work.

The Hinton Electric Co. LIMITED, 82 Government Street.

## Cariboo Gold Fields.

Twenty-five to thirty per cent. clear profit can be easily and safely made by purchasing a well established hotel and store there. Fifty to sixty boarders. Average takings for nine months over \$3,500 monthly.

## Ranch Near Kamloops.

Comfortable house; orchard, abundance of water, 150 acres cultivated; will carry 300 cattle; rich alluvial soil.

APPLY

## C. C. REVANS

Land and Insurance Agent  
314 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Preparing to Move.—The new Williams block on Yates street will shortly be ready for occupancy. Messrs. B. Williams & Co. are busy now preparing to moving, which will occur in about two weeks.

Accepted a Call.—Rev. W. B. Hinson, pastor of the First Baptist church of Vancouver, has accepted a call to the First Baptist church of San Diego, Cal. Mr. Hinson, who is considered one of the foremost pulpits orators, recently preached in the local Baptist churches.

The Paying Question.—Ald. Beckwith has posted a notice to the effect that at the next meeting of the city council he will move that the work of paying Yates and Broad streets be proceeded with at once and that the necessary funds be obtained by the imposition of an additional mill on the dollar in the taxes.

British Columbia people going to Spokane, Butte, Helena, Minneapolis, St. Paul, or the East, will enjoy the luxurious new North Coast Limited, in service on and after April 29th. Up-to-date Standard Pullmans and the crack Tourist cars of the Northwest on this new train.

The Police Court.—In the police court yesterday the charge of selling intoxicating liquors on Sunday against Karl Zoelle, proprietor of the Albion saloon, Yates street, was dismissed, as was also the charge to animals case. One drunk did not appear and his bail of \$10 was exonerated. Another batch of summonses for indecent bicyclists was also issued yesterday.

Laid at Rest.—The funeral of the late Thomas J. Partridge took place yesterday from the family residence, Quadra street, and at St. John's church, where, as well as at the cemetery, impressive services were conducted by Rev. Percival Jessup. There were a large number of friends present, and the bearers were Messrs. T. Fell, R. Hall, E. Wall, G. Maynard, F. Norris and J. Sears.

A Photo From the Front.—Mr. Chas. Budden the artist of Government street, has just received a most recent photograph of Private A. C. Beach, now serving with the Victoria contingent in South Africa and who was seriously injured not long ago in the engagement at Modder River, in which Victoria lost so heavily. The photograph was taken at Capetown shortly after the arrival of the contingent at that point.

The March of Progress.—In accordance with the decision reached at Tuesday night's session of the city council purchasing agent Northcott is calling for tenders, which are receivable to the 23rd inst. for the removal of the remains of the old Point Ellice bridge, the whole standing portion to be removed twenty-one days after the contract is signed. The same official is also asking for tenders for removing and repairing the band stand at Beacon Hill park.

Church Parade.—In a regimental order issued yesterday Lieut.-Col. Gregory, commanding the Fifth Regiment, C.A., announces that the regiment will attend divine service in the Metropolitan Methodist church next Sunday morning, parading at the drill hall at 10:15 for the purpose. Second Lieut. T. P. Patton has been granted six months' leave of absence, and Second Lieut. W. H. Langley having reported for duty has been assigned to No. 3 Company.

Assault-at-Arms Promised.—There should be a large attendance at the Drill hall gymnasium to-night for a meeting to be held after the exercises to arrange for an assault-at-arms. Some closing the season's instructions and to remunerate the instructors. The programme is intended to include boxing, fencing, wrestling, horizontal bar exercises, fatigue marching, musical drill, etc. The provisional commander of the Royal Canadian Regiment will probably take part.

To Bring Back a Bride.—Mr. R. D. Severs left by the Islander yesterday morning for Montreal, his urgent business there requiring the purchase of return transportation for two. In celebration of the important occasion, the bridegroom-to-be was given a final bachelor's supper at the New England on Tuesday evening. Deputy Attorney-General McLean and Mr. H. Ellis Morton, being chairman and vice-chairman respectively, and several hours being spent in sociable good fellowship. Mr. Severs' many friends in social, business and athletic circles, will join with his more intimate companions in extending congratulations and all good wishes to himself and the lady of his choice.

Taxing Canadian Notes.—The United States government has decided to collect a 10 per cent. tax on Canadian notes circulating in the cities along the boundary line. Whatcom county, Wash., is principally affected, a large amount of Canadian currency being in circulation there. Some time ago there was about a million in Canadian money circulating in the county, and the tax is to be imposed every time the money passes through the banks, the revenue will be large. The placing of Canadian currency under the head of taxable notes is the result of an opinion of the Attorney-General, in which he says: "A national bank paying out checks and otherwise notes of a bank chartered in a foreign country is subject to the tax of 10 per cent. upon the amount of the notes so circulated under paragraphs 19 and 20, act of 1875." The Whatcom banks may contest the matter or may apply to congress for relief on the grounds that no one has been injured by the use of the Canadian currency in that section, but that, on the contrary, its circulation was of great benefit to the community.

Go to the Occidental Hotel. Old XXXX Ale just arrived.

**Gures For Little People**

You may rely safely upon the purity and effectiveness of our drugs at all times. O U R B A B Y S O O D I E S S Y R U P does wonders for the little ones.

Our Cold Creams, Baby Powders and various other helpful remedies are good to have in the home where children are.

**CYRUS H. BOWES, Chemist,**  
98 Government Street, near Yates  
Two Doors South of Old Stand.

TO INCREASE STRENGTH.

British Columbia Garrison May Be Composed of One Hundred Men.

Major Benson, D. O. C., has received authority from Ottawa to increase the strength of the British Columbia garrison from 60 to 100 men, if the recruits can be secured. If this is carried out, other temporary quarters besides the Marine Hospital will have to be secured until the proposed new barracks at Work Point are completed. These new barracks are to cost over \$100,000. Work has not been commenced on account of the difficulty in securing property adjoining that owned by the Imperial government.

The men who have already enlisted were examined and sworn in at the drill hall yesterday, and then marched to their temporary quarters at the Marine Hospital. The names of the men and the corps to which they formerly belonged follow:

Fifth Regiment, C. A., Victoria—Sergeant Charles W. Holbyer, C. R. Graham, A. Brown, W. J. Roseman, P. H. Howell, P. J. Hutcheson, E. A. Goddard, C. Wylders, W. H. Charlesworth, Sixth Rifles, Vancouver—F. Case, G. McArthur, A. W. Shewsbury, George Hereford, F. Corby, J. Botterell, A. Harris, H. A. Wilson, W. H. Finney, C. Ferguson, A. J. Cooksley, J. Lee, J. K. Osborne, Corp. J. MacPhee, B. Pratt, E. G. Woods, G. E. Weldon, A. S. D. Atkinson, G. C. Dalton, H. J. Jettie.

Kamloops, No. 3 Co. R.M.C.—J. Harris, W. A. Crow, H. D. J. Jettie, Nelson, No. 2 Co. R. M. R.—C. H. White, Corp. J. A. Worley, J. W. McDon, F. Stint, Robert Verge, A. D. McCallum, A. G. Main, C. O. Jones.

Revelstoke, No. 5 Co. R. M. R.—C. H. Hart, A. C. Cao, A. R. Fraser.

Egg Island Light.—To obtain further facts respecting this matter, Col. Prior has moved in the house for "copies of all correspondence between the government and their agents and any other person in regard to the omission of the lighthouse keeper on Egg Island light to show a light for some days during last winter."

To Receive Pay.—Those members of the Fifth Regiment who formed the guard of honor to the Lieutenant-Governor at the opening of the legislature can receive their pay on Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday evening next. On those evenings Capt. Lampan, paymaster, will attend at the drill hall between 7:45 and 8:15.

Wants a Husband.—Here is a letter, duly signed and dated from a town in Oregon, received by Postmaster Shaker yesterday: "I am a young man, and I want to be so kind as to help me a little do you know a good man from 40 to 42 or 35 that wants like to, scarpson (correspond) with a nice widow lady got some property and two children would like to hear from some nice man that don drink."

Hospital Ball To-Night.—In preparation for the annual jubilee hospital ball at Assembly hall this evening, the work of decorating and adding the ball room and supper room has been proceeding for several days, the result being an artistic treat quite on a par with that provided on the occasion of the last dancing party given for the benefit of the hospital.

A large number of tickets have been disposed of, and the convenience of those attending the railway company will give a special late service, cars leaving the hall at 2 o'clock, and at the close of the dance for all parts of the city and Esquimalt.

Drill Hall Concert.—Mr. Stewart Huntington, who will sing at the drill hall on Saturday evening, is very highly spoken of by those who heard him in Nanaimo and Vancouver. Mr. Huntington has directed many musical societies in the East, and his presence at the coming concert will be a decided attraction. Miss Clara Spray, who made such a splendid impression last Saturday evening, may be heard in duet with Mr. Huntington. Bandmaster Finn is making up a specially good programme, and it is certain that Wagner's "Overture to Rienzi" and Gottschalk's "Dying Poet," the most marked successes of the band this season, will be included among the pieces.

Interesting Lecture.—The lecture room of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church was crowded to the doors last evening, when Mr. Napier Denison, of the meteorological office, delivered a lecture on "Our Atmosphere." The lecture proved a most interesting and instructive one, Mr. Denison avoiding as much as possible any technical phrases. The audience was greatly pleased, and so will be the officers of the Red Cross Society, the lecture netting a neat sum for their funds. Mr. Denison was greatly assisted by Mr. Fleming, who operated the slides, and he also wishes to thank the church wardens for the use of the hall, and the Colonist and Province for printing.

Vestry Meeting.—Rev. E. G. Miller, the rector, occupied the chair at the annual vestry meeting of St. Barnabas church on Monday evening, when the report of the various committees were read, showing the financial and numerical condition of the church to be most satisfactory. Officers were elected as follows: church wardens, Messrs. E. E. Wootton and John Muttow; delegates to the rural dean's conference, Messrs. Thomas Elkington, E. N. Hanson, and H. O. Litchfield; sidesmen, Messrs. T. Mills, C. Loat, P. Andrews and T. Hood; church committee, Messrs W. P. Basset, Thomas Elkington, S. E. B. King, P. A. Babington, J. J. Randolph, H. P. Johnson, H. M. Bittner, H. O. Litchfield, Geo. Knox and W. Whitaker.

The congregation passed a vote of thanks to the members of the Ladies' Aid, Willing Workers, Sunday School, teachers, choir, choirmaster and organist, who in all cases, by the diligent performance of their respective duties had enabled the churchwardens to report to the vestry one of the most successful years in the history of the parish.

See Spencer's New Carpet Store Broad St. Carpets and Linoleums at close prices.

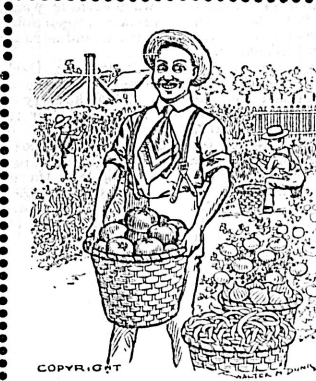
## 100 Acres in Saanich For Sale

This charmingly situated piece of property fronts on the sea and is close to the station of Saanichton. The land is all good and is easily cleared, being mostly alder.

It is doubtful if a more beautiful piece of property, both for residence and farming combined, can be found in Saanich.

Price \$3,000.

## Pemberton &amp; Son

45 Fort Street  
Victoria, B. C.

## You Reap What You Sow.

We are not trapping Martins, nor are our premises on Yates street, but by way of a Ryder, we carry a fine and full line of Choice Groceries at low prices. All the "B.B.'s" are constrained to buy from us and get the "Blue Trading Stamp."

ERSKINE, WALL &amp; CO'Y

The Leading Grocers.

## The Acme of Gentility in

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NECKWEARS. REID'S No. 122  
Government St.

## "Domestic" Sewing Machines

The impregnable position of the Domestic as the most popular sewing machine on earth was gained by years of conscientious endeavor to supply a strictly high grade sewing machine at a moderate price. This position has been held and is being maintained not by tradition or by laurels won in the past, but by the progressiveness and aggressiveness of the Domestic Company, which spares no expense to keep its product in the front rank of strictly high grade sewing machines.

We carry a complete stock of needles and parts for all machines. Catalogue on application.

FLETCHER BROS.

Tel. 306, 93 Government St.

## Your Boy's Suit.

Is worn out fast enough at the best. At least you think so. He doesn't agree, of course—wouldn't be a boy if he did. But we're ready for him. Bought 500 boys' suits—no cheap suits, mind you—but good suits, made by Canada's best makers. These suits we're selling at half regular profits, a saving to you on each suit of 20 per cent. We guarantee knowingly made a misstatement or told you an untruth about our goods. Have we?

Two-piece vestee suits—navy serge, nicely trimmed, well made. A regular \$3.75 suit. Here for.....

**\$2.60.**

Two-piece Halifax tweed suits—well made and lined. Regularly worth \$2.50. Here for.....

**\$1.85.**

Three-piece blue melton suits—a beautiful soft material like heaver. Guaranteed to give good wear and satisfaction. Worth \$5. Here for.....

**\$3.90.**

You're welcome to look without being forced to buy.

W. G. CAMERON.

Cash Clothier, Furnisher, and

Halter, 55 Johnson Street

## MRS. HITCHCOCK'S TALK.

Coming Treat Discussed by a Party of Men—Unanimous Decision.

In connection with the "Illustrated Talk" which the Native Sons are advertising for the 23rd instant, there is a joke.

Given at the expense of wounding the feelings of the dramatist personae, it must be served to the readers of the Colonist by one who had the good luck to overhear it.

Scene: Room in the rear of ———'s shop.

Four men seated around fire, smoking; door open that customers may be seen and receive usual prompt attention.

Kicker: I won't stand it! Why, don't they have a dance instead? Don't let lectures anyhow!

Willie Boy: Bad enough to have to listen to a man, but to hear a woman air her ideas! osuif gky mfwy in her ideas! I won't go!

Dude: Never did believe in woman's rights—guess the men can run all the shows in this town without their assistance.

Visitor: Yes! it would seem so—from the fine way in which they are running the government. Mrs. Hitchcock has been twice to the Atlin camp and has seen some of the effects of their experiments and I am curious to hear what she's got to say about it.

Willie Boy: Oh! is it Mrs. Hitchcock? Why she bought some of her outfit from me. I'm going to hear her, sure!

Dude: So'm I! she bought all her furs from me.

Kicker: Why, she spent a thousand dollars at my shop. I'm going to hustle and sell tickets for her. Don't care what she talks about.

Visitor: Well, I'm going because the papers say she has a new way of talking on risqué subjects and I'd like to hear something spicy.

Chorus: I rather think we won't kick this time.—Com.

Free of Plague.—Hon. Abraham Smith, United States consul, yesterday received the following telegram from Mayor Phelan of San Francisco: "San Francisco, Cal., April 18, 1900.—United States Consul Victoria: This port is absolutely free of plague. Rumors to contrary untrue. Please inform British authorities. Coast steamers embarrased by rumor. James D. Phelan, Mayor."

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## At Work On Celebration.

### Citizens' Meeting Endorses Programme Prepared by Mayor and Aldermen.

### Two Days of Jubilation—The Various Committees Appointed.

A goodly gathering of patriotic and public-spirited citizens assembled at the city hall last evening and completed arrangements up to the committee stage for the forthcoming grand celebration of the birthday of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria. The programme as drafted by Mayor Hayward and the board of aldermen, who took the initiative in the matter, was approved of, with a few alterations, and committees were appointed to look after the various details.

There were present His Worship Mayor Hayward, A. J. Dallia, Capt. Royds, George Jay, Ald. Hall, B. P. Schweigers, J. B. Lash, H. Harris, W. Jones, W. Ridgway-Wilson, C. H. Laughran, Herbert Cuthbert, George Jeeves, G. W. Anderson, H. D. Helmecken, C. C. E. A. Lewis, Thomas Harman, Harry E. Morton, W. E. Ditchburn, C. L. Cullin, A. E. Belfry, Ald. Williams, T. G. Hitt, C. G. Hitt, J. Irwin, H. M. Finlayson, W. Lorne, H. L. Salmon, H. C. Davies, Alex. Watson, Jr., William Armstrong, M. Finlayson, T. Watson, Frank Higgins, W. Travis, G. W. Lemon, A. W. Snider, H. Bailey, T. W. Pierre, A. Stewart, A. G. McKenny, Thomas Deasy, D. B. McCannan, R. H. Swinerton, George E. G. Browne, T. C. Hubbard, J. H. Turner, George Snider, William Reid, W. J. Elliott, P. Farrell, James Gaudin, Dr. G. L. Milne, W. H. Price, Thomas Brandy and A. C. Anderson.

The Mayor being voted to the chair, Mr. Beaumont Boggs was chosen as secretary. The Mayor explained that a first step was the appointment of a general committee. The council this year had taken the initiative, however, and drafted a programme, which was as follows:

Evening of the 23rd.—Grand patriotic entertainment at Victoria theatre. Gross proceeds for Canadian Patriotic Fund.

Morning of the 24th.—Probable naval and military display.

Afternoon of the 24th.—Monster parade and carnival in the city. A. The school children with flags and banners. B. Friendly societies and other bodies. C. Trade floats. D. The firemen and their apparatus. E. Mounted men in costume. F. Civic and other dignitaries in carriages, etc. G. Trade floats and advertising displays, etc. H. The firemen and their apparatus. I. Other dignitaries in carriages, etc.

Evening of the 24th.—Grand illumination of the city and decorative display.

Morning of the 25th.—Lacrosse, baseball, bicycle, cricket and football contests—Beacon Hill.

Afternoon of 25th.—Regatta and aquatic sports at the Gorge.

Evening of the 25th.—Fireworks at Hospital Point and illuminated parade of boats and canoes—swimming bridge to James Bay bridge.

Afternoon of the 26th.—Grand patriotic children's matinee at Victoria theatre. Gross proceeds for Canadian Patriotic Fund.

The Mayor explained that the flag-ship was due in Esquimalt on the 14th May. He was sure that the Navy would do everything possible to make the celebration a success.

The programme being taken up serially, the first clause was adopted unanimously. Mr. Dalby thought it would be well to have the military display in the morning and the parade in the afternoon. Mr. William Lorimer and Mr. Ridgway-Wilson agreed with this view.

Mr. H. D. Helmecken thought it would be well to consult the wishes of the naval authorities, and Mr. Boggs suggested leaving it with the senior naval officer.

Mr. C. H. Lugrin thought the programme would have to be in accordance with the wishes of the army and navy.

In connection with the parade of floats Mr. George Jeeves wanted one in which the young ladies would take part. Mr. Jay understood that the school children were to take part in the parade, and thought it well to have an afternoon set apart for that feature. It would be a most attractive feature.

Mr. Lugrin agreed with Mr. Jay in this matter. In regard to the floats, if that was going to be made a feature, there was no time to be lost. A pleasing feature in this connection would be emblematic floats, and the trades procession could be worked up, too.

Mr. Cuthbert moved that a procession with floats be made a feature of the celebration.

Four tenders were on hand for fireworks, Hitt Bros., the local firm, strongly approved of Hospital Point as a site for the display.

It being desirable to get to work at once, it was decided that the fireworks committee should meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the city hall, the procession committee on Friday evening next at 8 o'clock, and the printing committee this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the committee room at city hall.

The meeting then adjourned.

Prize Cakewalkers.—Mr. T. Bruno and Miss Lizzie Abel won the prize for cake-walking at the Eagles' ball.

W. C. T. U. Meeting.—At the meeting of the W. C. T. U. on Thursday, the departments of literature, press and soldiers' work will be discussed. The meeting will be held at the Home on Cornmarket street.

You see? Air never gets at the tea after it is once packed. It is exposed for the first time in your pantry. That is why Honda Ceylon Tea is so fragrant.

As a braces Jesse Moore never fails.

afternoon of the 24th. This was seconded by Mr. Lugrin.

Mr. Wilson wanted the school children's procession made a special feature. Mr. Cuthbert amended his resolution to meet Mr. Wilson's views. The motion was amended then carried.

The suggested illumination in the evening was discussed.

Mr. Lewis thought it would be well to have a patriotic band concert in the drill hall in the evening.

Mr. J. H. Turner asked was it the intention to rely for illumination upon the private citizens, or was it the idea to illuminate the public places from the funds in the hands of the committee? He thought the government should be approached to try and induce them to illuminate the government buildings.

Mr. Dalby thought it would be well to leave the matter in the hands of the committee.

The arrangements for the morning of the 25th were next discussed. H. D. Helmecken thought the jassie boys would rather play in the afternoon and thought it unwise to set the game for the morning.

Mr. Cuthbert from a cricketer's standpoint suggested that all athletic sports be held on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Helmecken moved that the morning of the 25th be devoted to the school children's parade. This was seconded by Mr. Wilson.

Mr. Wilson asked was there any objection to having the school children's parade on Wednesday morning?

The Mayor thought the children would like to participate in the grand parade. Mr. Helmecken agreed to amend his resolution in accordance with Mr. Wilson's suggestion.

Mr. Lugrin said it was suggested that the children should be brought out early to line the streets during the progress of the procession, and afterwards march to the Caledonian grounds or some other point. This would probably meet what was desired.

Mr. Dalby thought the matter might be left in the hands of the committee. It was agreed that athletic sports should be a feature. The regatta was also regarded as a fixture.

The question of utilizing Hospital Point as a site for the display of the fireworks was then discussed. Mr. Wilson thought there was danger that it might be windy there.

Mr. Boggs explained that it was an advantage in that the fireworks could be viewed from Belleville street.

Mr. Lorimer thought the illumination of Beacon Hill park was always a very pleasing feature, but Hospital Point would no doubt be a better site.

A little pleasantry ensued as to who was to bear the cost of the fireworks. Mr. Helmecken moved that the offer of the city be accepted. (Laughter.)

The Mayor explained that the city had, as usual, voted \$1,000. They could expend it all on fireworks if they wished to. (Renewed laughter.)

Mr. Helmecken would not let the Mayor off so easily. The sum could be supplemented by an additional grant, and no one would take the slightest offence, in view of all the circumstances attending this celebration. (Hear, hear.)

Hospital Point was decided upon as a site for the fireworks display.

The last item on the suggested programme was unanimously approved of.

Mr. Dalby moved that all present be named as members of the general committee, with power to add to their number.

Mr. Dalby moved that Mr. Mayor, Mr. Chairman, and Mr. Boggs as permanent secretary.

This carried unanimously, and Mr. Kent was named as treasurer.

Any suggested amendments to the drafted programme upon which a decision had not been reached were then left in the hands of the various committees with power to act, and committees were drafted as follows:

Finance.—His Worship Mayor Hayward and all the aldermen, Chief Deasy, Chief of Police Langley, Henry Shepherd, Harry Morton, W. J. Dowler, William Williams, R. L. Drury, R. H. Swinerton, Hon. Senator Templeman, William Dalby, H. D. Helmecken, A. J. Dallia, Capt. Warren, A. G. McCannan, Peter Brown, H. L. Salmon, Jr., W. H. Price, Capt. Gaudin, Capt. Royds, T. Burnes.

Regatta.—Capt. Fagen and officers of the Army and Navy, Capt. Gaudin, Capt. Cox, Capt. Warren, Capt. Clarke, Chief Cooper, Ald. Stewart, Ald. Yates.

Printing and Band.—C. H. Lugrin, Robert Dunn, Nosh Shakespeare, E. A. Lewis, Ald. Stewart, Ald. Williams, George Jay, Horbert Cuthbert.

Procession and Sports.—C. H. Lugrin, Dr. Milne, George Jeeves, W. H. Price, H. D. Helmecken, Herbert Cuthbert, W. Ridgway-Wilson, Hon. J. H. Turner, T. H. Twigg, the presidents of the various fraternal organizations, Dr. Lewis Hall, all the aldermen, Col. Gregory, William Lorimer, J. E. Eaton, Harry Morton, P. P. Schweigers, Chief Deasy, Thomas Watson, W. H. Langley, W. E. Ditchburn, Ald. Anderson, Capt. Royds.

Fireworks.—Hon. J. H. Turner, H. D. Helmecken, R. Hall, A. J. Dallia, William Dalby, Thomas Harman, Dr. Milne, George Jeeves, Capt. Gaudin, Capt. Clarke, George Snider, C. S. Baxter, Capt. Irving, Harry Salmon, R. Davis, W. Marvin, Chief Deasy, Thomas Watson.

Reception.—The Mayor and aldermen. On motion of Mr. Lugrin a resolution was passed authorizing expenditure only on the sanction of the finance committee.

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REFINERIES RE-OPEN.

New York, April 18.—The main office of the American Sugar Refining Co. confirms the statement that the Brooklyn refineries have re-opened to operate on full time.

CHESS MASTER'S DEATH.

Buda Pesth, April 19.—Chaproske, the well known chess player, is dead.

As a braces Jesse Moore never fails.

## TO SAVE

All profits but the maker's on Harness buy direct from us. The biggest assortment of the most desirable and dependable Horse equipments made anywhere. We offer a wider range of choice than any dealers in the city can give you. The prices with all the profits of the middlemen cut out.

WADE & McKEON, 44 Yates St.

## FRENCH WOMEN IN INDUSTRY.

(Condensed from the Contemporary Review.)

The part taken by French women in industry is considerable. The percentage of their work, as compared with that of men, has steadily grown since the middle of the century, until now to their labor is due more than a third of the industrial product of France. This proportional increase of women in industry is owing primarily to the invention of machinery, and it exists in all the countries of Europe, but it is accompanied in France by another circumstance of very great interest. This circumstance is the relation between the volume of women's work and the quality of the industries. The percentage of the women, unequal in the different industries, increases in proportion to the higher quality of the industries. Now, quality, in French industry, does not mean, as with the greater part of our own products, usefulness and durability, but it means manual skill and art. In general the proportion of the women grows in ratio to the art demanded in the industry, and the women are in greater numbers than the men in those industries that are most important for exportation, and in the industries which are celebrated in the world, so that the situation may be formulated thus: in proportion to the art value and to the celebrity of any French industry is the volume of women's participation in that industry.

About the middle of the century machinery had completely modified manufactures, as it afterwards modified commerce. Since that time, except for constant perfecting, the material conditions of manufacture have not changed. It is, then, from the middle of the century that, according to the statistics procurable, the movement of French women in industry should be noted and compared. The reader will, however, find it useful to recall their situation before that period.

Up to the end of the thirteenth century, women, being legally and socially well conditioned, were comparatively free in industries. The idea of equality, which Germanism and Christianity tended to develop, showed itself here as in public functions, and in theory all trades were as accessible to women as to men. Women not only carried on the industries, but they were members of the guilds charged with the affairs of these trades, and they could become masterworkmen. But Judaism and Romanism undid the work of pure Christianity, and in their repression of women put an end to their freedom in industries. The reaction excluded them from industry and commerce, and after the sixteenth century it may be said that all the trades were in the hands of men. The Middle Ages refused to women the right even to make garments for money. From the thirteenth to near the end of the seventeenth century the right to make women's dress for wages was reserved exclusively for men. It was not till 1675 that Colbert, in overhauling French industries, organized the corporation of women dressmakers.

On the eve of the Revolution all trace had been lost of the notions of equity prevailing in an earlier age. Public functions, spiritual or temporal, had long been inaccessible to women; they could exercise no profession that demanded science or technical knowledge, and they had found but recent opening in one of two trades. Their education was null; inferiority and subordination were the rule; they had descended far below the standard of feudal society; they had lost even the conquests of ancient Roman civilization; they had in many regards even fallen to the condition of the women of the Middle Ages.

The edict of 1776, which opened "to all persons" free access to commerce and the arts and trades, included women in theory, but it did not change their actual situation, which was deplorable. The ignorance into which they had fallen kept them as effectually from the trades as if they were still under the empire of prohibitive laws. Only their chief trades, such as dressmaking, embroidery, and the keeping of millinery shops; that there should be reserved to them at least the needle and the crochet hook—"which sufficiently shows their situation."

But, with which the century began, the progress of the first fifty years was very slow. At the middle of the century instruction that the bettering of their condition began; it was with machinery. With the increasing use of machinery it was, above all, women that the manufacturing called to work. For machinery required spinning, weaving and sewing away from the home, and men were not only the rich but all the world must buy their garments, the wage-earning capacity of the family had to be increased. The solution was mechanical; the women entered the factories, and rose to the dignity of wage-earning labor.

We come now to the statistics of the last half century.

The reports of the French Labor Bureau show that the proportion of women to men in the industrial establishments of France has been as follows: In 1864 it was 21.1 per cent.; in 1873 it was 33 per cent.; and to-day it is 38.1 per cent. This steady gain of women upon men in the factories seems to be due not alone to an actual increase, but—and this is not without its laterals—to an actual decrease in the number of men. It appears, in fact, from a report of the Labor Bureau that during the last four years, while the feminine element in the factories has increased by 120,000 units, the whole number has increased by 47,425 units; from which it should follow that during this time the number of men has decreased by 72,575 units.

The whole number of women to-day in the industrial establishments subject to the labor laws is 850,453, and the whole number of men is 1,650,456. But these figures do not show the entire number of women in industrial establishments. The Labor Bureau reports add, after the number of women, the limiting clause—"exclusive of charitable establishments."

There exists in fact an important category of industrial establishments, situated in convents, and directed by female religious orders, that employ women in the making of underwear. These houses are officially classed as charitable, but they are acknowledged to be regularly mounted "sewing rooms," working by contract. For the trade of these convents manufactures 150,000 women are occupied on contract job work. Nothing equivalent to this exists for the men.

This number is then to be added to the whole number of women in industrial establishments, which gives a round million of women against a million and a half of men, or 40 per cent. of women in the industrial establishments of France.

These figures refer to the number of workers in factories only. A great number of both sexes are in industries outside of the factory, and the enumeration in industries as given in the annual report arrive at the following interesting result. Of the 18½ millions that compose the masculine element in France, 10 millions earn their living, and 2½ millions, or one-fourth of the men earning their living, are found in industries; while of the same number composing the feminine element four millions earn their living at wages, and 1½ millions, or three-eighths of those earning their living at wages, are found in industries; which gives as engaged in industries a larger proportion of women who earn their living than of men who earn their living. In other words, the wage-earning women of France turn in greater proportion than the wage-earning men to industries for a livelihood.

In the textile industries at Paris the women since 1848 have been more than half the workers. This industry is but an incidental one at Paris. For the entire country, though there are no official statistics for the number and movement of the women, it has been estimated that in the decade following 1860 there were in this branch of industry 300,000 men and from 350,000 to 400,000 women. If we add to this number of women the embroiderers and lace-makers, we have a total of something like 800,000, or 72 per cent. of women in the textile industries at that time. I have seen no more recent estimates. The number of embroiderers and lace-makers has decreased, for the reason that it has become impossible to earn a living in these specialties; but the increase of women in the factories is a sufficient indication that in textile generally their numbers has not decreased.

The situation of women in the textile industry is not inferior, and in some respects superior, to that of the men. The profit is that at piecework—and payment is nearly everywhere by the piece—the women earn as much as the men and often more. A linen manufacturer told M. Leroy-Beaulieu that there were in his factory twelve women who could keep two looms running at once, and that he had never seen a man who could manage more than one.

Women predominate in all branches of tissue-making, but they are especially numerous in the making of silk. "Silk is the domain of women," reported M. Jules Simon before a commission of inquiry—"They find work in it from the worm on the mulberry leaf to the finished gown and hat." Where the weaving is done on hand looms in private homes, the man and woman contribute equally to the labor, but that which is done in factories is done in largest part by women. "The automatic spinning, dressing and weaving of silk is almost entirely superintended by women." The famous Bonnet brand of black silk, for example, is entirely the product of women. The Bonnet factory is a pensionnat, from which men are excluded, and there are other establishments where this is the case.

If the French textile industry is renowned all over the world, it is especially because of its silks. In silks is developed the greatest amount of art the French put into its goods. The art lies no longer in decorative designs, but in the incessant variation of weaving and colors. French silks are in repute for good taste and for inexhaustible variety of effect; they are prized above all for their adaptation to the constant changes of feminine dress. They are part and parcel of that dress, itself a French creation, and are therefore the models for the rest of the world.

The situation in garment-making is particularly interesting. There are in this industry in all France, according to M. Gaston Worth (a table made in 1895), 225,000 employers and 700,801 employees. Two-thirds of the employees are women and four-fifths of the employees are women. This refers to persons working on men's and women's dresses. The figures do not include a great number of women who alone or without fixed domicile, which would bring the figures up considerably higher and increase the feminine percentage.

The employees are engaged on feminine work by sex, the number of women some units, and on masculine dress to the number of over 300,000. Distinguishing the male sex, the number of women employed on both masculine and feminine dress is 664,501, which leaves 336,300 men employed on masculine dress only. Now the number of women employed on men's garments is 164,000. If we subtract this number from the whole number working on men's garments, that is, the entire number of men employed in garment-making. Hence the 400,000 persons employed on feminine garments, except for a few negligible units, are all women.

In the division of the employees, it might be expected that if the dressmakers are not all women, at least the tailors are all men. This is not the case, though the men are in the majority. The figures are waiting for the entire country; but at Paris, out of 3,573 men's tailors, 635, or more than a fifth, of the employing tailors are women.

have worked out these figures because it is sometimes asserted that the leading French dressmakers employ men. It is an error, due to a false appearance. With the growing prosperity of the women's dressmaking product there has come a modification in its commerce. Before 1860 this industry worked only to order. After that time the commercial element entered; the important dressmakers also became merchants, selling all their materials, and ready-made dresses, furnishing all the accessories, and developing a great commerce in ready-made garments. With this transformation the men revenged themselves and became merchants. They were better prepared than the women for reasoning and for calculating on a large scale. But the actual increase, and the labor are due to the feminine resources of these houses.

Thus the women have to-day the monopoly of garment-making for women, and have the making of a part of men's dress as well. We are so used to seeing them in possession of the industry that this statement has the air of nothing at all, but when we reflect that men once had the monopoly of garment-making for both sexes, the change appears what it is, no need to demonstrate it to the industrialists. The difference between the quality of men's dress and women's dress made in France is recognized by all the world. There is an industry not yet enumerated which is to-day hotly disputed by the men and women. It is the making of original patterns for dresses and in general of all the accessories. The designers are, or consider themselves to be, on the upper round of the industrial ladder. They furnish ideas which others execute. The employment of the women in this industry is as follows: In 1848 they were but 7 per cent.; in 1864 they were 12 per cent.; and in 1872, although the state of the industry is not technical training, they had risen to 37 per cent. About nine years ago, the official statistics were opened at Paris for girls, and to-day, although there are no estimates, the women

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men have become a factor of importance. This is attested by the frequent visits of male designers, who have several times caused scandals in Paris, because the houses to which they are attached buy increasingly the designs of women. But this industry must be considered as still in the hands of the men, for the men are still in possession of the professional work-rooms, and though the women may now have the theory they have yet little chance of serving the necessary apprenticeship.

Women make practically all the model designs for women's dress which appear in the fashion journals. "The creation of designs," says a report of the Ministry of Commerce, "is the work of women regularly engaged on the journals. Women dominate this artistic region, which is by right their domain. The designer is met with also, but is principally relegated to the region of catalogue making for the great shops."

NEW CENSUS.

Farmers Urged to Make It Trustworthy.

To build up a great office like the census office in fifteen months from absolutely nothing to an efficient machine, employing about 3,000 men in Washington and about 50,000 elsewhere in the country, is a difficult task, and entire success is out of the question. The office naturally compares itself with the stage of preparation attained at the same period ten years ago, and finds that this time it has gained several months on its predecessor. One of the problems before it is how to put in the time thus secured in such a way as most to benefit the census.

In the agricultural division the need of time for preliminary work is perhaps as great as anywhere in the census office. Farmers, as a class, do not keep their accounts as well as manufacturers, and the returns from farmers may occasionally include serious errors which a trained eye will at once detect. Hence the farm schedules must be examined and such errors corrected before the tables can be made up from them with safety. If a farmer reports that his yield of wheat was ten acres and the yield 4,000 bushels, it is clear that an average yield of 400 bushels to the acre is incredible, and must be rejected or corrected in accordance with the probabilities. Sometimes the truth can be made out by an expert from comparison with entries in other parts of the schedules; sometimes correspondence must be opened to settle the doubt. All this is under the general head of verifying the schedules, and the agricultural division plans to give all the time possible to the work of verifying each of the millions of farm schedules. To accomplish this in the time allowed, the work of several hundred clerks will be required, and they must have hard and fast rules to guide them. For example, they might be told: When the wheat reports show a product of over forty bushels to the acre, they are suspicious and must be laid aside for an expert to pass upon. But any such rules must vary with the section of the country. A yield of twenty bushels in one section might be more questionable than a yield of forty bushels in another. Hence the division must fix in advance what is the range of reports in each part of the country and for each crop that may be accepted as probable on their face and not requiring special examination. To get the limits of probability for this purpose for each county in the United States, that is, the maximum and minimum yield and the maximum and minimum price which may be accepted without verification, is the object of an extensive correspondence now being carried on by the agricultural division.

Gen. Carrington Demonstrates That Profane Language Was Not Used.

Gen. Henry B. Carrington has recently written an interesting work on "Washington the Soldier," in which a somewhat neglected phase of that great man's wonderful career is treated with the particularity it deserves. The author finds him to have had the qualities and qualifications which great soldiers have always had, and his expert examination into the strategy of the head of the continental army makes it clear to his countrymen not only that he was "first in war," but that the military authorities of Europe, his contemporaries, were of the same opinion. Of course in both cases it is quite a unanimous opinion. England being an unpopular throughout the world a century ago as she is to-day, and for precisely the same reason.

Without going into detail in this particular question, Gen. Carrington raises another which he fairly settles: Whether or not Gen. Washington cursed Gen. Charles Lee for ordering a retreat at the battle of Monmouth. The facts, as brought out by the writer here, seem to be as follows: Charles Lee was a professional soldier of accepted and tried skill. But he was exceedingly jealous of Washington and believed himself far better fitted for the supreme command than the Virginian, whom he thought to be without the proper professional training. This dislike led to Lee's constant endeavor to place obstacles in Washington's way, in and out of season.

It has recently been shown that Lee was even more of a traitor than Benedict Arnold, and that his ordering the



## PROVINCIAL

## LILLOOET.

Lillooet, B.C., April 16.—The prospects of our district have never been so bright as they are now, the reports from all our mining camps being of a most encouraging and satisfactory nature. Mr. William Young, who is one of the owners of the Lorne group of claims, came into town this week and informs us that the last strike made on his claims has, in his opinion, uncovered the mother lode of Cadwallader district. It is a ledge of free milling rock eight feet in width with a pay streak of ten inches, richer rock than any previously discovered on these claims. A large number of men are working on these claims getting out rock and building arrastra. It is the intention of the owners to run three arrastras this season. With the one in use after a ten days run this spring they cleaned up some twelve hundred dollars.

The report from the Ben d'Or mines is also excellent. The ten stamp mill started running last month and after a thirteen days run, crushing some 250 tons of ore, they cleaned up gold to the value of \$8,000. The Ben d'Or mines are now a thoroughly well developed property with all the latest machinery. There has been over two thousand feet of drifting and tunnelling work done. On the bottom level 300 feet deep the ledge was firmer and the walls truer and, if possible, more free than the surface quartz. Large bodies of ore are in reserve and the mine is well prospected already. The work there is not the slightest doubt that the result of this season's crushing will be highly satisfactory to the directors of the Ben d'Or Company.

A visit to Bridge River and Cadwallader Creek has just been made by a gentleman who has spent the last week in Cripple Creek and Arizona. He is very much struck with this section of our district and confidently predicts very prosperous times. In his opinion we have the richest free gold propositions in British Columbia.

## GRAND FORKS.

Grand Forks, April 16.—A ten-stamp mill will shortly be installed at the Yankee Boy and Yankee Girl mine, on Hardy mountain, two miles from Grand Forks. The ore at the surface is free-milling, and the permeability has been demonstrated with depth. The property was recently acquired by Clarence J. McClellan, of Montreal, who organized the Canadian syndicate that purchased the Republic mine from Patsy Clark and associates.

The stage service between Grand Forks and Bossburg, Wash., has been resumed. Development work on the B. C. mine, in Summit camp, is being prosecuted on the second and third levels. On the second level at a depth of 100 feet in the shaft, the miners are drifting in ore north and south. On the third level at 230 feet depth the work is being confined to the south drift. The installation of the new plant will place the mine in a position for large shipments.

N. Ledoux, of Houghton, Mich., and W. A. Dunn, of Philadelphia, both well known mining men, are in the boundary to examine the various properties controlled by the Miner-Graves syndicate.

It is stated that the ore from the B. C. mine in Summit camp, sent to the Trail smelter, went \$16.00 per ton, leaving \$11 net profit, after paying freight and smelter charges.

R. A. Brown has returned to the Similkameen to superintend development work on the Sunset, Copper mountain, near Princeton.

A large force of men has left here to resume work on the Banner claim, in Franklin camp, on the east fork of the north fork of Kettle river, after the Grand Forks. The property was bonded last fall by Jay P. Graves and Henry White from Frank Macfarlane, and only one more payment remains to be made. A crosscut tunnel has been run 182 feet. Twenty feet of copper-galena ore has been struck without encountering the hanging wall. When the width of the lead has been determined, drifting will be commenced.

Incoming passengers from Republic are charged 25 cents for a certificate of health at the boundary line.

P. Porter, of Spokane, has just completed an examination of the Betts property, near the head of Fourth of July creek, south-west side of Hardy mountain. He was accompanied by Mr. Koffer, superintendent of the Mocher Lodge. Prior to their visit the water was pumped from a twenty-foot shaft, the bottom of which is in ore. No crosscuts have been run. The ore is principally copper sulphurets and peacock copper, with a quartz gangue.

Among the North Fork properties upon which considerable work will be done this summer is the Georgia, in Brown's camp, one thousand feet south of the English & French tunnel. It is owned by H. Couture and F. St. Ours. They have run a tunnel forty feet, crosscutting the ledge, which makes a fine showing.

The Agnes, Bank of Commerce, Pay Roll and Jeffries claims, in the same camp, will also be developed. They are owned by M. R. Feeney and M. Simpson. The City View claim, located last July by Messrs. Couture and St. Ours, is supposed to have the same lead as the Yankee Girl and Yankee Boy, on Hardy mountain. A twenty-foot shaft shows a good lead, with a rich pay streak from sixteen to twenty-four inches in width.

## NELSON.

Nelson, April 18.—The extensive yards and quarries of the West Coast Lumber Co. & Mills Co. were today transferred to an English company, who will operate them on a large scale. The quarries of this company are of the superior class of granite, which is rapidly finding its way eastward.

## THE NORTH BORNEO AFFAIR

Rebels Desperately Hold Their Post Until the Death of Their Leader.

London, April 5.—Full details of the defeat of the rebel chief, Mat Salleh, in North Borneo have been received.

The previous news brought matters up to 20th January, on which date the British had occupied the island, one of the rebel forts being commanded by the chief's stronghold, which at that time it was found impossible to surround, the rebels being entrenched in an almost impregnable position and their fort honeycombed with underground earth-works like a rabbit warren.

During the progress of the operations, says Reuters' Agency, there were many instances of notable pluck. For instance, when the charge was sounded against one of the forts the attacking force were suddenly pulled up short by an outer defence of sharpened bamboo, which they commenced to cut down.

When the first breach was made a Japanese boy named Leyman, servant to Mr. Fraser, the resident, rushed through the opening, and, carrying a quantity of oil, set light to the buildings inside the fort. He then, under heavy fire from the enemy, rushed across and ignited other buildings. He has been specially mentioned in despatches.

During the operations Mat Salleh's people brought into action a brass gun,

which on the third shot burst, doing much damage.

At daybreak on 21st January a seven-pounder was placed in position and a general bombardment of Mat Salleh's fort, at 250 yards and 400-yards range, was commenced. A house on the fort of Mat Jator (one of Mat Salleh's supporters, who set alight by the shell fire, and soon the whole fort was burnt to the ground.

The fort which was intended as a place of retreat for Mat Salleh was of immense strength, with skillfully planned earthworks and trenches. Tunnels were run through the solid ground, rendering the place almost impervious to shell fire.

Mr. Clifford, the governor, in his report says: "It was a piece of unusual good fortune which led to the fort being taken without a blow. For it stood high upon a bluff overlooking the river and would have been impossible to take by storm without the loss of far more men than the force at our disposal could possibly afford."

The enemy, from Mat Salleh's large fort, on seeing Mat Jator's in flames, with great pluck climbed up and tried to unroof their own buildings, but without success.

Commandant Harrington, who, having recovered, had now assumed charge of the operations, moved his headquarters to the precipice where Mat Jator's fort had been situated, and until the end of January kept up a continuous shell fire, and exposed his men to the enemy's holes dug beneath their fort in the solid earth.

Those who ventured to emerge even for moment during the daytime were exposed to a galling fire from the British positions, and many in the fort lost their lives. One evening a Bajau ventured to appear on the first hill and shot defiance. He was at first hit in the legs and fell over, but pluckily sat up, opened his chest, and exposed his chest. He was immediately shot dead.

On 26th January the company's force successfully cut off Mat Salleh's water supply by constructing a dam and diverting the course of the river, and the bombardment became more severe than ever. Shelling continued the whole day, the enemy lost heavily. The Maxim had great effect, and caused a perfect stampede of the rebels from one underground hole to the other.

On the following day a point blank bombardment of the rebel stronghold was commenced at 150 yards, immense damage being done. During the night a number of rebels crept out, under cover of darkness, to rush the Maxim, but their movement was observed, and they were driven off under fire. Heavy firing continued during the night of 31st January, and there were many alarms.

At 2 a.m. a Bajau woman who had bolted from the fort reported that Mat Salleh had been killed, and the rebels, who had suffered heavy loss, had been without food or water for four days. The Dyak outposts, who had been engaged all night, finally got into Mat Salleh's fort at 5 a.m. on 1st February, and found that the remainder of the rebels had fled.

A search was at once made for Mat Salleh's grave, and in order to identify the body, the remains were exhumed. He had been shot through the left temple, the bullet carrying away the back of the head. It was ascertained that he had been killed by a Maxim shot at noon on 31st January, within a few yards of the door of the inner fort. Pursuing parties were at once despatched after the retreating rebels, and returned in a few days, having killed or captured a large number of the enemy.

All Mat Salleh's wives and other women and children were taken alive. The outer wall of Mat Salleh's fort was found to be six feet high and ten feet thick. The two inner walls were equally strong, and the whole was surrounded by a stockade and a bamboo chevaux de frise, while the ground was heavily planted with sharpened bamboos. Inside the fort was a network of trenches, tunnels, and underground works.

Each member of the garrison had dug himself a hole below the ground, and in these the rebels dwelt during the last days of the siege, suffering terribly from the filth of their surroundings, from hunger (for they were afraid to do much cooking), from thirst and from disease.

No detailed list of the enemy's loss is yet available, but it is known to have been very severe. The British loss was, comparatively speaking, very slight, only one European officer, Dr. Cunningham, being amongst the wounded.

After providing sufficient force to hold the district, the expedition, which had been joined by the Governor shortly after the death of Mat Salleh, returned to the coast.

## AN ENORMOUS SALE.

To all who have felt the evil effects of drugged kidneys it is interesting to know that Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are meeting with enormous sale and unparalleled success in this district. Backaches and aching kidneys are fast becoming a thing of the past where Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are known. One cent a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers.

## DEWEY'S CANDIDACY.

George Dewey, dear, I did not think that you would go phandering with another girl. And give your gray moustache a fetching curl. And set your cap—I should say your cocked hat—At Miss Columbia like a that. Pray what can you expect to get by throwing Pray's eyes at one so very knowing?

See how she served McKinley! All his life he wooed her for his morganatic wife. Swore that he loved her better than his soul. (I'm half inclined to think, upon the whole, She better did deserve his love), and vowed He'd marry her alive, or even aloud! What did she? Ere his breath he would recover.

She heartlessly accepted the poor lover! There's William Bryan of the silver tongue, Old in ambition, in distinction young—He courts her with the song, the dance, the lute.

But knows how suitors feel who do not suit. And Teddy Roosevelt, plucking from its sheath The weapon that he wears behind his teeth, But all in vain, to touch her heart by slash!

Beware, my web-foot friend, beware her wiles; Fly from her sighs and disregard her smiles. She's no fool's mermaid with a comb and glass, But Gattuso's daughter with a breast of brass.

Put out your prow to sea again—but hold! Bryan and McKinley all too bold! Show up along the beach, with little Teddy—Well, Dewey, you may fire when you are ready.

—Ambrose Bierce in San Francisco Examiner.

## A WEBSTER ANECDOTE.

Old Boston schoolboys of sixty years ago realize that the greatest change has taken place in Boston than on the wharves, which, in 1840, were all open, with no sheds built on them as at the present time. Vessels in the East Indian trade were docked at India wharf. W. F. Field & Co. had their ships docked at Central wharf, Lombard's and Hemenway & Co.'s ships were at Commercial wharf. Long wharf was lined with vessels in the coasting trade; they had large canvas signs attached to the yards, stating the port hailed from and the port they wanted freight for.

At that time there were no steamships, and all transportation was done by sailing craft. For instance, a sign would read: "Schooner Bable, Capt. Smith, will sail on Saturday for Bath, Gardiner and Hallowell. The wharves were a favorite resort with the boys Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. At that time school kept Wednesday and Saturday mornings, and we had the afternoons for vacation. In the morning, after school was over, we would go to the wharves, and there we would spend the afternoon, and it was generally on the wharves. Five out of ten boys went to sea after leaving school.

At the head of Long wharf, where the State street block now stands, was an old hulk of a vessel with a house built on its deck; it was fastened to the dock, and this was used by the Hingham Bucket Company for a storeroom. On the side of the house was a sign, "Wharf Station Packet." It was a standing joke with us to ask the man who had charge if he was the captain and when he was going to sail, as we wanted to ship before the mast.

It was a favorite amusement with the boys to climb up the rigging of ships and "stump" one another as to who would climb the highest. There was one of these boys who could beat us all in climbing; we nicknamed him "Monkey Jack." On one of the ships the haul-down of the signal halyards broke short up to the deck of the truck. The captain, pointing to the flag, said: "I will give any boy that will bring that flag on deck a shilling." We all started up the shrouds, but "Monkey Jack" was up to the rigging before we got to the yardarm. When he left school he went to sea, and became master of one of the largest clipper ships that sailed out of Boston.

Capt. Mahan, of Long wharf, had a fine schooner yacht in which he took parties down the harbor. He often invited the boys to take a sail with him. I remember once he told us a story about Daniel Webster, as follows: "About 5 o'clock in the morning I was on deck putting the boat in shipping order and saw a light on the water. I was going to take a party down sailing that day. It was raining quite hard. There was an old fellow standing on the wharf, with an old coat and slouched hat on, under a large cotton umbrella. He hailed me, asked me if I was the captain. I supposed he was some old farmer from the country who had never seen salt water before, so I said: 'Certainly, come right aboard.' He looked over the boat a spell, and after a while came up to where I was and said: 'Captain, if you were sailing a ship down the harbor and another ship was coming up and the wind was northeast, which side would you sail of the ship that you were going to meet?' I said: 'I would put the helm hard to port and wait to the windward.' He seemed to understand, and asked me a great many questions. I thought he was taking up a good deal of my time, and answered him rather short. He thanked me for the information I had given him and bade me good-by.

"I had forgotten all about the old countryman, when one day, about a fortnight afterward, a constable came aboard and asked to see Capt. Mahan, stating that I must appear in court the next day. I went to the court in great shape, under all the nautical phrases in Bowditch's Navigator, and to hear him talk, boys, you'd thought he'd been to sea all his life.

"It appeared that there had been a collision in the harbor, and the constable was settling which ship was to blame in court. Webster was counsel for one of the merchants. He introduced me to the court as Capt. Mahan, one of the ablest sea captains that sailed out of Boston. Well, boys, you better believe it, the constable, after listening to Webster, said: 'I am only a skipper of a schooner. I answered all the questions Mr. Webster asked me in regard to sailing a ship under certain circumstances.'

One of the boys said: 'Well, captain, who beat?'

"Why, Daniel Webster, of course!"—Boston Transcript.

## THE STARVATION PLAN.

Or Treating Dyspepsia and Stomach Troubles is Useless and unscientific.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been time and again, but even now a course of dieting is generally the first thing recommended for a case of indigestion or any stomach trouble.

Many people with weak digestion, as well as some physicians, consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to restrict diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others or to cut down the amount of food eaten to barely enough to keep soul and body together, in other words the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting to a man already suffering from starvation because indigestion itself starves every organ, nerve and fibre in the body. What people with poor digestion most need is abundant nutritious food, plenty of good, wholesome, properly cooked food, and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

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But a sufficient amount of wholesome food and after each meal take one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to promptly digest it.

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Dr. Harlandson and Dr. Redwell recommend these tablets in all cases of defective digestion because the pepsin and diastase in them are absolutely free from animal matter and other impurities and being pleasant to the taste are as safe and harmless for the child as for the adult.

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